

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICENATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS
TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS**1 NAME**

HISTORIC

PIPE CREEK FRIENDS MEETING HOUSE

AND/OR COMMON

PIPE CREEK FRIENDS MEETING HOUSE

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

from Main Street.

Quaker Hill Road, approximately one-half mile

NOT FOR PUBLICATION

CITY, TOWN

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Union Bridge

VICINITY OF

Sixth

STATE

CODE

COUNTY

CODE

Maryland

Carroll

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY

☐ DISTRICT
☒ BUILDING(S)
☐ STRUCTURE
☐ SITE
☐ OBJECT

OWNERSHIP

☐ PUBLIC
☒ PRIVATE
☐ BOTH

PUBLIC ACQUISITION

☐ IN PROCESS
☐ BEING CONSIDERED

STATUS

☒ OCCUPIED
☐ UNOCCUPIED
☐ WORK IN PROGRESS
ACCESSIBLE
☐ YES: RESTRICTED
☒ YES: UNRESTRICTED
☐ NO

PRESENT USE

☐ AGRICULTURE
☐ COMMERCIAL
☐ EDUCATIONAL
☐ ENTERTAINMENT
☐ GOVERNMENT
☐ INDUSTRIAL
☐ MILITARY
☐ MUSEUM
☐ PARK
☐ PRIVATE RESIDENCE
☒ RELIGIOUS
☐ SCIENTIFIC
☐ TRANSPORTATION
☐ OTHER:**4 OWNER OF PROPERTY**

NAME Amos Davidson, Trustee

Pipe Creek Monthly Meeting, Religious Society of Friends

STREET & NUMBER

Quaker Hill Road

CITY, TOWN

Union Bridge

VICINITY OF

STATE

zip code

Maryland

21791

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTIONCOURTHOUSE,
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Frederick County Courthouse

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN

Frederick

STATE

Maryland

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

☐ FEDERAL ☐ STATE ☐ COUNTY ☐ LOCALDEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION**CONDITION**☐ EXCELLENT☒ GOOD☐ FAIR☐ DETERIORATED☐ RUINS☐ UNEXPOSED**CHECK ONE**☐ UNALTERED☒ ALTERED**CHECK ONE**☒ ORIGINAL SITE☐ MOVED DATE _____**DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE**

Pipe Creek Friends Meeting House is located on Quaker Hill Road, approximately one-half mile from Main Street, via Locust Street, Union Bridge, Maryland.

The Meeting House is a one and one-half story brick structure in Flemish bond on a stone foundation. It is three bays wide and three bays deep with a full length porch across two adjoining sides. The once-shingled roof is now tin-covered and there is an interior chimney at one gable end.

The plain style of the structure reflects the conservatism of the Quaker sect. The only decorative work is the segmental arch of headers over the doors and windows. The windows have rough wood slat shutters, either casement or double hinged. The doors are also fabricated of rough wood slats battened together. The porch presently has a shed roof extending from the wall and supported by square posts with slightly chamfered corners. The gable ends are clapboard from the roofline and on one end there is a hinged door in the gable.

A simplified treatment of facades exists with the east and west facades containing a central door with flanking windows; the north facade has a central window with flanking doors; and the south facade has three bays containing windows. Visual activity is provided in the facades by height differences in the openings in the bays--the opening in the central facade on the north, east, and west sides, and on the south facade the central member is higher than the openings in its flanking bays.

The interior was reconstructed in 1934 due to a fire in October of that year.

A picture taken in the late 1800's shows the original roofline and a woodshed at the southwest corner of the Meeting House. On the east side, the shingled roof flares at the point where the brick wall connects with the roof, forming a slight curve which serves as the porch roof. This porch roof continues around the south gable end and extends over the woodshed. The effect of this sweeping roofline is characteristically rural, similar to the tobacco barns in Southern Maryland, and is visually appropriate to the architectural design and country setting of the Meeting House.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RELIGION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Pipe Creek Friends Meeting House stands in the area of the oldest land grants in Carroll County. In 1731, the patent "Kilfadda" was made to John Tredane, who sold the land to Allen Farquar in 1734. This passed to his son, William Farquar, who in 1772 deeded two acres from the adjoining "Resurvey on Forrest in Need" to the Society of Friends of which he was a member. This branch of the Friends had established themselves in this region circa 1735, an outgrowth of the "Cold Spring Meeting of the Monoquesey" which had been founded sometime before 1730.

The Pipe Creek Friends Meeting included among its members many of the early and prominent families of the surrounding communities. William Farquar was known for his peace-making ability with the Indians. The Friends concern for the community and its future is shown by their early efforts to establish and maintain a school. The school was begun in 1774 and served as the main educational facility for the children since there was no public supported system. Among the students of this school was the American Sculptor William Rinehart. Another nationally prominent figure associated with the Pipe Creek Friends Meeting is Herbert Hoover, whose great-great-grandfather was a member.

The Meeting House was begun in 1771 and completed the next year. Its plain style architecture is indigenous to the religious concepts of the Quakers and also fulfills the functional requirements of the structure. Originally, the interior had vertical sliding doors in the center to separate the women's and men's meetings and yet be able to open the room up when meeting together. A fire in October 1934 destroyed the interior, but the original benches were saved. The exterior features, particularly the original roofline, are a fine example of the mid-Atlantic folk style.

Records of the minutes of the monthly meetings of the Pipe Creek Friends Meeting are almost complete. They are stored in the Friends Historical Library, Swarthmore, Pennsylvania. Microfilm copies are in the Hall of Records, Annapolis, Maryland.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES - see continuation sheet No. 1

Primary Sources: Hall of Records, Annapolis, Maryland
 Land Records of Frederick County, Maryland
 Minutes of the Monthly Meetings, Pipe Creek Friends Meeting
 Secondary Sources: Carroll County Historical Society, Westminster,
 Maryland
 Davidson, Amos Graham. "Pipe Creek Monthly Meeting of the
 Religious Society of Friends, Union Bridge, Maryland"

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATAACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY TWO ACRES

UTM REFERENCES

A	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING	B	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING
C	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING	D	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Joseph M. Getty, field historian

ORGANIZATION

Carroll County Committee, Maryland Historical Trust

Date

January 1976

STREET & NUMBER

210 East Main Street

TELEPHONE

(301) 374-2605

CITY OR TOWN

Westminster

STATE

Maryland

zip code

21157

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL ☐STATE ☐LOCAL ☐

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE

TITLE

DATE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

DATE

DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

ATTEST:

DATE

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

CARR-14

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**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

Pipe Creek Friends Meeting House
Carroll County,

CONTINUATION SHEET Maryland ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 1

A Brief History--1772-1974."

Jacobsen, Phebe R. Quaker Records in Maryland., Annapolis Maryland:
Hall of Records Commission, 1967.

PIPE CREEK QUAKERS:

This outline history is concerned with Pipe Creek Settlement, - but the movement west by Quakers had been initiated as early as 1726 by a few families who were attracted to the well-watered area with good soil, where the Monocacy meets with the Potomac. Information about this area soon reached others in S. E. Pennsylvania and Allan Farquhar acquired about 200 A., in the area now known as Union Bridge about 1730. He gave this land to his son William and his wife Ann. Other Quaker families soon followed.

Following the death of William in the 1770's, Ann wrote in part, as follows: "He was born in Northern Ireland of Scottish heritage in 1705 and came to America about the 16th year of his age and settled in Pennsylvania. In 1735 he removed and settled at Pipe Creek when there were few inhabitants in those parts."

The earliest religious gatherings were held in the home of the Farquhars'. Following the French & Indian War a log meetinghouse was built north of Little Pipe Creek - the exact location is not known. The present meetinghouse was built in 1771. The first meeting for worship taking place in January 1772. The site of two acres was donated by William P. Farquhar, a son of the first settler. The original deed for the property is in the Friends' Library at Swarthmore College.

William and Ann had a family of six sons and three daughters. Following the Revolutionary War many of the grandchildren migrated to the Northwest Territory, soon to be known as Ohio. One daughter, Susanna, married Solomon Shepherd. They built during the 1790's, the dwelling known as "Hard Lodging"-when it was built it was referred to by the neighbors as "Solomon's Folly" because it is built on a huge rock and also because the house was considered to be pretentious for the period.

The Friends' School, the location of which is unknown at present, opened about the same time the meetinghouse was built. The master of the school, Joel Wright, was a well-educated man as evidenced by his surveying records. He had married Elizabeth Farquhar, another daughter of William and Ann. He remained with Friends' School until the first years of the 19th century when he retired and moved to Baltimore. The noted sculptor, William Rhinehart, was a pupil in the school for a time.

The events of the 19th century caused many Quakers to search for new places to live where slavery did not exist. The Friends' Meeting dwindled in numbers as the century wore on and up to the present day, when we have just 18 members.

The interior of the meetinghouse was destroyed by fire in 1934. Rebuilding took place the following year using lumber from the adjoining woodlot. The exterior brick wall and some of the original benches are what remains of the oldest religious edifice in continuous use in the Maryland Piedmont region.

N. R. FIELD SHEET
070014210

CARR 14

MONTGOMERY HISTORICAL TRUST
BOX 104
ANNAPOLIS, MD. 21404NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Type all entries - complete applicable sections)

STATE:	
COUNTY:	
FOR NPS USE ONLY	
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

1. NAME	
COMMON: PIPE CREEK MEETINGHOUSE	
AND/OR HISTORIC:	

2. LOCATION			
STREET AND NUMBER:			
CITY OR TOWN: Union Bridge			
STATE: Md.	CODE:	COUNTY: Carroll	CODE:

3. CLASSIFICATION				
CATEGORY (Check One)	OWNERSHIP		STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
District <input type="checkbox"/> Building <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Object <input type="checkbox"/>	Public <input type="checkbox"/> Private <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Both <input type="checkbox"/>	Public Acquisition: In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered <input type="checkbox"/>	Occupied <input type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress <input type="checkbox"/>	Yes: Restricted <input type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input type="checkbox"/> No: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)				
Agricultural <input type="checkbox"/>	Government <input type="checkbox"/>	Park <input type="checkbox"/>	Transportation <input type="checkbox"/>	Comments <input type="checkbox"/>
Commercial <input type="checkbox"/>	Industrial <input type="checkbox"/>	Private Residence <input type="checkbox"/>	Other (Specify) <input type="checkbox"/>	
Educational <input type="checkbox"/>	Military <input type="checkbox"/>	Religious <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Entertainment <input type="checkbox"/>	Museum <input type="checkbox"/>	Scientific <input type="checkbox"/>		

4. OWNER OF PROPERTY			
OWNERS NAME:			
STREET AND NUMBER:			
CITY OR TOWN:	STATE:	CODE:	

5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION			
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Carroll County			
STREET AND NUMBER:			
CITY OR TOWN: Westminster	STATE: Md.	CODE:	
APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY:			

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS			
TITLE OF SURVEY:			
DATE OF SURVEY: Federal <input type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> County <input type="checkbox"/> Local <input type="checkbox"/>			
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:			
STREET AND NUMBER:			
CITY OR TOWN:	STATE:	CODE:	

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

STATE:

COUNTY:

FOR NPS USE ONLY
ENTRY NUMBER
DATE

7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Good <input type="checkbox"/>	Fair <input type="checkbox"/>	Deteriorated <input type="checkbox"/>	Ruins <input type="checkbox"/>	Unexposed <input type="checkbox"/>
INTEGRITY	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	Altered <input type="checkbox"/>	Unaltered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Moved <input type="checkbox"/>	Original Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Pipe Creek Meetinghouse, situate in an aesthetically appealing environs, is a slightly rectangular block of 1 storey with an "A" frame roof.

at the East end elevation are three bays, viz: W. D. W. The door possesses a shallow segmental arch and the windows are shuttered - at the attic level which is clapboarded is an off center window. All 1st level openings are shuttered by a plain shed roofed porch.

To the N. wall, 1st level, are three bays, viz: two doors with a large window between. This is also end of the S. wall.

at the rear (W) wall are two windows with a door between ~~and~~.

A cemetery protected by a stone wall contains many interesting stones one of which, apparently the oldest, bears the date 1763.

→ Porch runs from the SE corner to the NW. protecting both the E end and N wall.

Eaves boxed - shallow at the side walls but becoming deeper at the gables.

The brick is laid in a Flemish bond and is an appealing salmon colour.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

8. SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

Pre-Columbian ☐16th Century ☐18th Century ☒20th Century ☐15th Century ☐17th Century ☐19th Century ☐

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known) 1771

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

Aboriginal

Education ☐Political ☐Urban Planning ☐Prehistoric ☐Engineering ☐

Religion/Phi-

Other (Specify) ☐Historic ☐Industry ☐losophy ☐Agriculture ☐Invention ☐Science ☐Art ☐Landscape ☐Sculpture ☐Commerce ☐Architecture ☐

Social/Human-

Communications ☐Literature ☐itarian ☐Conservation ☐Military ☐Theater ☐Music ☐Transportation ☐

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE (Include Personages, Dates, Events, Etc.)

of religious and architectural merit.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY				O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN ONE ACRE			
CORNER	LATITUDE				LONGITUDE			
	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds		Degrees	Minutes	Seconds	
NW	°	'	"		°	'	"	
NE	°	'	"		°	'	"	
SE	°	'	"		°	'	"	
SW	°	'	"		°	'	"	

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE:	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE

11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE: <i>J.R. Fivort</i>	
ORGANIZATION: <i>MTT</i>	DATE: <i>10/70</i>
STREET AND NUMBER:	
CITY OR TOWN: <i>Annap.</i>	STATE: <i>Md.</i>
	CODE:

12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION

NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION

As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:

National ☐ State ☐ Local ☐

Name _____

Title _____

Date _____

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register.

Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation

Date _____

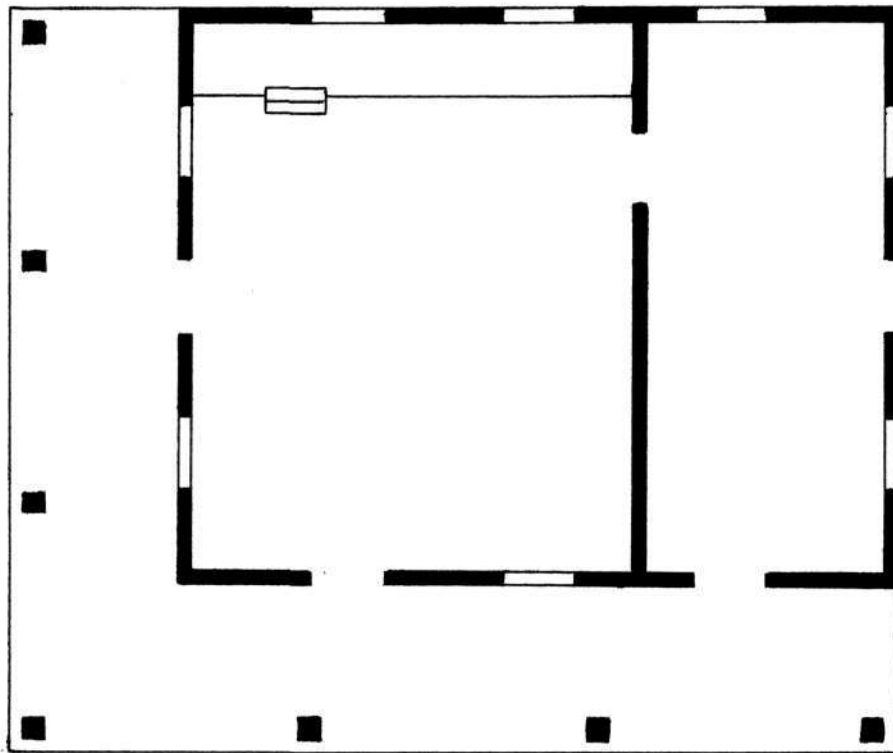
ATTEST:

Keeper of The National Register

Date _____

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

CARR-14

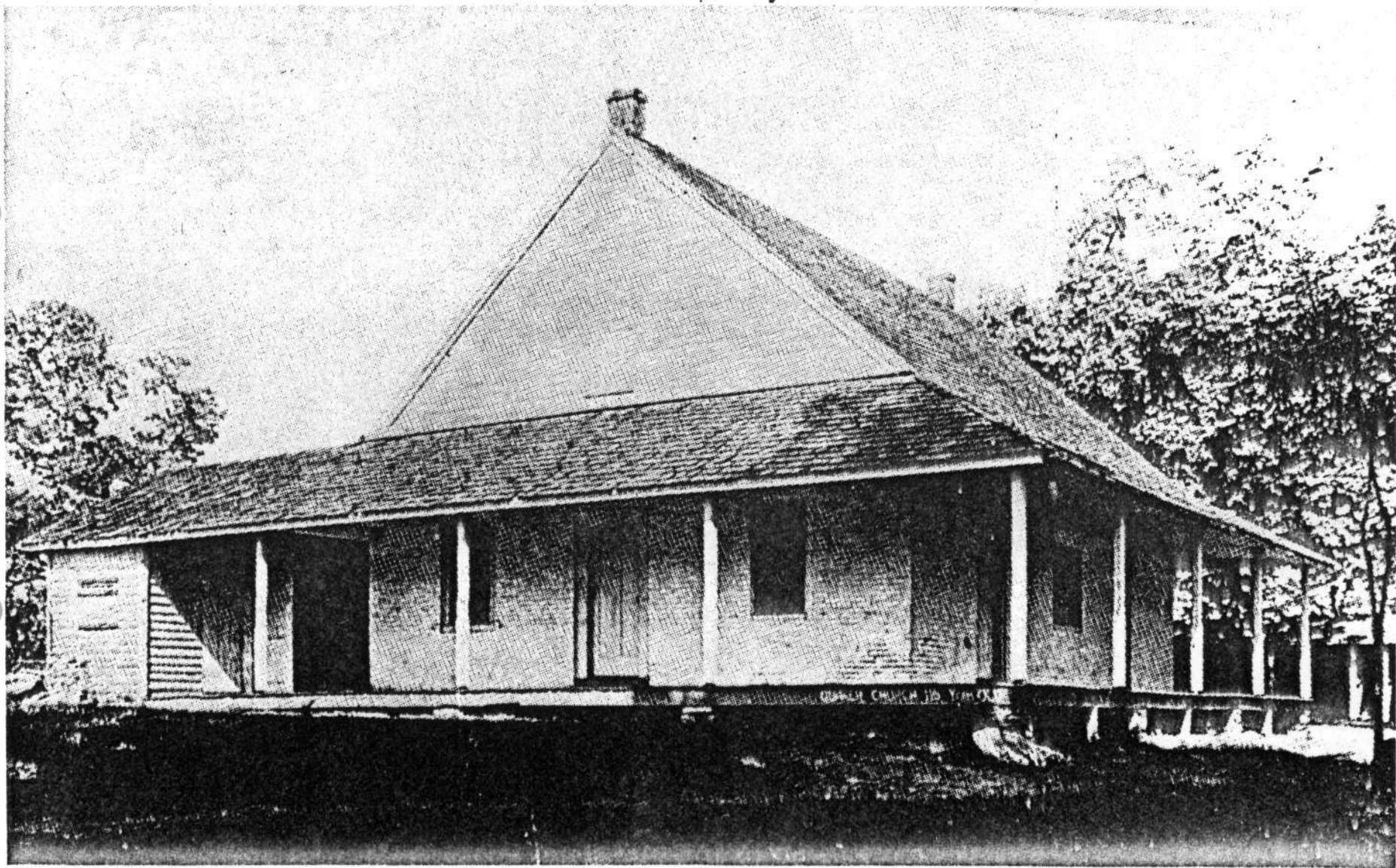


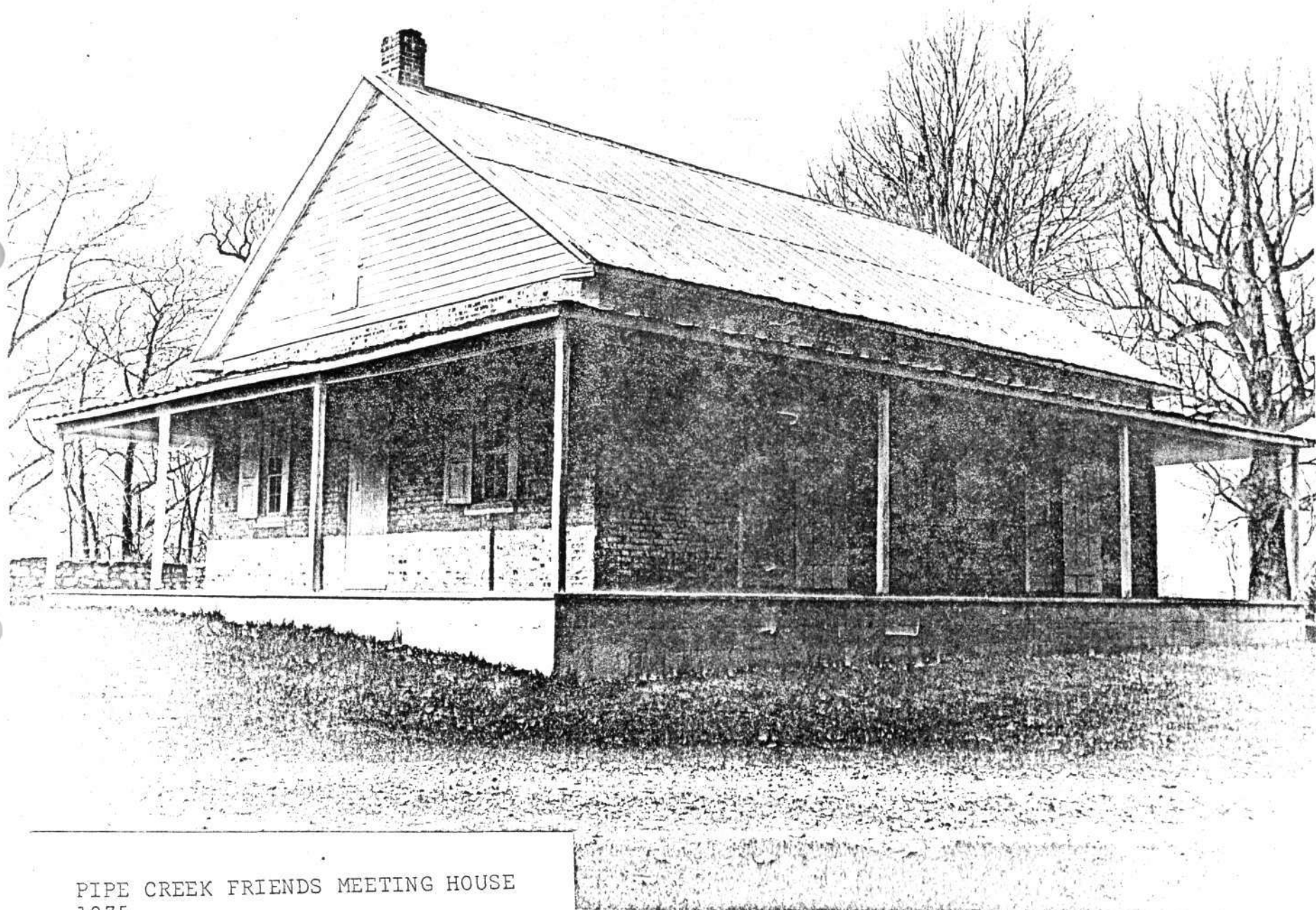
Pipe Creek Friends Meeting House
Union Bridge, Md.

N
→
Drawing not To scale
J.G. 12/5/75



Pipe Creek Friends Meeting House
Late 19th century photograph





PIPE CREEK FRIENDS MEETING HOUSE
1975

CARR-14

Pipe Creek Friends' Meeting House
455 Quaker Hill Road, Union Bridge
Jennifer K. Cosham, 12 April 2006



Northeast elevation



Southeast elevation

CARR-14

Pipe Creek Friends' Meeting House

455 Quaker Hill Road, Union Bridge

Jennifer K. Cosham, 12 April 2006



Southwest elevation



Pipe Creek Friends Meeting House Carr Co 14

original bench (18th Century)

J.G. 12/75

13070



~~P. 9~~

P. 9

VII - Pipe Creek Meeting House

130
~~130~~ 70

Week 7/79



CARR-14

PIPE CREEK MEETING

Chris Weeks 7/1978



Pipe Creek Friends Meeting House Carr Co 14

southwest elevation

J.G. 12/75